

## COMUNICAÇÃO CIENTÍFICA

NEW HOST RECORDS OF LONCHAEIDAE (DIPTERA) IN BRAZIL AND  
ASSOCIATED PARASITOID

Alberto Luiz Marsaro Júnior<sup>1</sup>, Pedro Carlos Strikis<sup>2</sup>, Marcoandre Savaris<sup>3</sup>,  
Silvana Lampert<sup>3</sup>, Ricardo Adaime<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Embrapa Trigo, Passo Fundo, Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil.

<sup>2</sup>Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Campinas, São Paulo, Brazil.

<sup>3</sup>Universidade Federal do Paraná, Curitiba, Paraná, Brazil

<sup>4</sup>Embrapa Amapá, Macapá, Amapá, Brazil. E-mail: adaime@cpafap.embrapa.br

## ABSTRACT

In this paper we report new host records of *Neosilba pradoi* Strikis & Lerena (3 species), *Neosilba certa* (Walker) (1 species) and *Lonchea* sp. (2 species) in Brazil. The parasitoid *Pachycrepoideus vindemmiae* (Rondani) is associated for the first time in Brazil with a *Neosilba* species.

**Key words:** *Neosilba*, *Lonchaea*, *Pachycrepoideus vindemmiae*

## RESUMO

Neste trabalho registram-se novos hospedeiros para *Neosilba pradoi* Strikis & Lerena (3 espécies), *Neosilba certa* (Walker) (espécie 1) e *Lonchea* sp. (espécie 2) no Brasil. O parasitoide *Pachycrepoideus vindemmiae* (Rondani) é associado pela primeira vez no Brasil com uma espécie de *Neosilba*.

**Palavras-chave:** *Neosilba*, *Lonchaea*, *Pachycrepoideus vindemmiae*

Surveys of hosts of Lonchaeidae (Diptera) are recent and scarce in Brazil. Studies of this nature are important in understanding the ecology of lonchaeid species, especially because some of them are reported as agricultural pests (Strikis *et al.* 2011).

Between December 2010 and November 2011, fruits were collected at random from potential hosts of Lonchaeidae in Passo Fundo, State of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil (28°13'S, 52°26'W). We collected

ripe fruits (off the plants or from recently fallen ones) from six plant species (Table 1). The fruits were counted, weighed and stored in screen-covered plastic trays containing vermiculite and kept at room temperature. The substrate was sifted daily and the obtained puparia were stored in flasks containing moist vermiculite. The emerged adults were preserved in 70% ethanol for identification.

We obtained specimens of *Neosilba pradoi* Strikis & Lerena, *Neosilba certa*

(Walker), and *Lonchaea* sp. (Diptera: Lonchaeidae), as well as *Pachycrepoideus vindemmiae* (Rondani) (Hymenoptera: Pteromalidae) (Table 1). This work reports the following hosts for the first time in Brazil: *Inga vera* Willd., *Passiflora elegans* Mast., and *Passiflora caerulea* L. as hosts of *N. pradoi*; *I. vera* as host of *N. certa*; *P. elegans* and *P. caerulea* as hosts of *Lonchaea* sp.

The only past reports of *Neosilba pradoi* on Passifloraceae and Fabaceae were in *Passiflora edulis* and *Inga laurina*, respectively (Strikis & Lerena 2009). Also in Fabaceae, the only known host of *N. certa* was *Inga velutina* (Strikis *et al.* 2011). As regards Passifloraceae hosts of *Lonchaea* sp., the only known host was *P. edulis* (Garcia & Norrbom 2011).

This work associates the parasitoid *P. vindemmiae* to a species of *Neosilba* (*N. pradoi*) for the first time in Brazil. This parasitoid species has already been associated with Tephritidae recovered from fruits of *Prunus persica* (Rosaceae) in the State of São Paulo (Montes *et al.* 2011).

We suggest that more extensive and intensive surveys of Lonchaeidae hosts be completed in the State of Rio Grande do Sul and across Brazil, both in agricultural areas and in regions without significant human alteration, so as to enhance the available knowledge on the ecology of this important dipteran family.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We thank Dr. Roberto Antonio Zucchi for identifying *Pachycrepoideus vindemmiae* (Rondani). We also thank the

Conselho Nacional de Desenvolvimento Científico e Tecnológico – CNPq for the Research Productivity Fellowships granted to Ricardo Adaime.

#### REFERENCES

- GARCIA, F.R.M., NORRBOM, A.L. 2011. Tephritoid flies (Diptera, Tephritoidea) and their plants hosts from the state of Santa Catarina in Southern Brazil. **Florida Entomologist**, v.94, n.2, p.151-157.
- MONTES, S.M.N.M., RAGA, A., BOLIANI, A.C., SANTOS, P.C. 2011. Dinâmica populacional e incidência de moscas-das-frutas e parasitoides em cultivares de pessegueiros (*Prunus persica* L. Batsch) no município de Presidente Prudente-SP. **Revista Brasileira de Fruticultura**, v.33, n.2, p.402-411.
- STRIKIS, P.C., DEUS, E.G., SILVA, R.A., PEREIRA, J.D.B., JESUS, C.R., MARSARO JÚNIOR, A.L. 2011. Conhecimento sobre Lonchaeidae na Amazônia brasileira, p.205-216. In: Silva, R.A., Lemos, W.P., Zucchi, R.A. (eds.). **Moscas-das-frutas na Amazônia brasileira: diversidade, hospedeiros e inimigos naturais**. Embrapa Amapá, Macapá, 299p.
- STRIKIS, P.C., LERENA, M.L.M. 2009. A new species of *Neosilba* (Diptera, Lonchaeidae) from Brazil. **Iheringia**, v.99, n.3, p.273-275.

**Table 1.** Levels of fruit infestation by Lonchaeidae in Passo Fundo, Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil (December 2010 to November 2011).

Family	Scientific name Common name	Collection date	Fruits (n)	Weight (kg)	Infestation*		Emergence
					L/fruit	L/kg	
<b>Fabaceae</b>							
	<i>Inga vera</i> Willd. “Ingá banana”	2/17/2011	97	0.90	0.10	11.11	<i>Neosilba pradoi</i> <i>Neosilba certa</i> <i>Pachycrepoideus vindemmiae</i>
<b>Malpighiaceae</b>							
	<i>Malpighia emarginata</i> Sessé & Moc. ex DC. Acerola	1/13/2011	156	0.96	0.01	2.08	<i>Neosilba pradoi</i>
<b>Myrtaceae</b>							
	<i>Campomanesia xanthocarpa</i> O. Berg. “Guabiroba”	11/19/2011	90	0.41	0.06	12.20	<i>Neosilba pradoi</i>
	<i>Eugenia pyriformis</i> Cambess. “Uvaia”	1/24/2011	14	0.24	0.07	4.17	<i>Neosilba pradoi</i>
<b>Passifloraceae</b>							
	<i>Passiflora caerulea</i> L. Blue passion flower	12/12/2010	50	0.74	0.42	28.38	<i>Neosilba pradoi</i> <i>Lonchaea</i> sp.
	<i>Passiflora elegans</i> Mast. “Maracujá-de-estalo”	1/3/2011	49	0.44	0.88	97.73	<i>Neosilba pradoi</i> <i>Lonchaea</i> sp.

\*L/fruit: Lonchaeids/fruit, L/kg: Lonchaeids/kg